Protocol . . . or resident within Her Majesty's Dominions. The term for which the copyright shall subsist shall, except as otherwise expressly provided by this Act, be the life of the author and a period of fifty years after his death."

Canada now belongs to the Universal Copyright Convention. This means that the works of Canadian authors are protected in the United States without the formality of compulsory registration or the obligation of printing in the United States, provided that, from the first publication the work bears in a prominent place the following identification: (c), followed by the name of the proprietor and the year of publication.

Copyright protection is extended to records, perforated rolls, cinematographic films, and other contrivances by means of which a work may be mechanically performed. The intention of the Act is to enable Canadian authors to obtain full copyright protection in Canada, in all parts of the Commonwealth, in foreign countries of the Copyright Union and in the United States. Protection of industrial designs and of timber marks is afforded under the Industrial Design and Union Label Act and the Timber Marking Act. Registers of such designs and marks are kept by the Copyright Branch of the Patent Office.

6.—Copyrights, Industrial Designs and Timber Marks Registered, Years Ended Mar. 31, 1958-62

Item	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962
Copyrights registeredNo.Industrial designs registered"Timber marks registered"Assignments registered"Fees received, net\$	5,052 665 3 735 21,986	5,331 684 7 640 23,440	5,513 790 1,037 24,614	6,381 795 1,017 27,446	6,479 684 1,213 28,634

Trade Marks.*—The Trade Marks Office, a Branch of the Department of the Secretary of State, administers the Trade Marks Act (SC 1952-53, c. 49) which covers all legislation concerning the registration and use of trade marks and supersedes from July 1, 1954, former legislation enacted under the Unfair Competition Act, the Union Label Act and the Shop Cards Registration Act. Correspondence relating to an application for registration of a trade mark should be addressed to the Registrar of Trade Marks, Ottawa.

Applications are advertised for opposition purposes in the *Trade Marks Journal*, a weekly publication that also gives particulars of every registration of a trade mark and every registration of a registered user. The required fee payable on application for registration of a trade mark is \$25, for advertisment of an application \$15 and for registration of a person as a registered user of a trade mark \$20.

7.—Trade Marks Regis	stered, Years	Ended Mar.	31, 1958-62
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Item	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962
Trade marks registered. No. Trade mark registrations assigned. " Trade mark registrations renewed. " Certified copies prepared. " Fees received, net. \$	3,769	3,992	3,818	4,524	4,438
	3,078	2,642	2,541	3,115	3,335
	3,434	1,117	1,481	1,748	1,961
	1,069	906	1,368	1,407	1,412
	273,558	268,437	302,164	305,036	336,212

Subventions and Bounties on Coal.[†]—A major problem of the Canadian coal mining industry arises from the fact that its fields are situated far distant from the main consuming markets of the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec while these markets lie in close proximity to the bituminous and anthracite fields of the United States. Transportation subventions, which have been maintained in varying degree during the past 30 years,

* Revised by the Registrar of Trade Marks, Department of the Secretary of State, Ottawa.

† Revised by the Administrative Officer, Dominion Coal Board, Ottawa.